142-0017 02 00

Section	1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENT	TIFICATION
PRODUCT NUMBER	DATE OF PREPARATION	HMIS CODES
		Health 2*
142-0017	08-APR-08	Flammability 3
		Reactivity 0

PRODUCT NAME

SHERMARK™ Upside Down Marking Paint, Orange Fluorescent

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

101 Prospect Avenue N.W.

Cleveland, OH 44115

TELEPHONE NUMBERS and WEBSITES

Regulatory Information

(216) 566-2902 www.paintdocs.com

Medical Emergency

(216) 566-2917

Transportation Emergency for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, (800) 424-9300 fire, exposure, or accident)

% by WT	Section 2 CAS No.	COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS INGREDIENT UNITS VAPOR	PRESSURE
14	74-98-6	Propane	
		ACGIH TLV 2500 ppm	760 mm
		OSHA PEL 1000 ppm	
6	106-97-8	Butane	
		ACGIH TLV 800 ppm	760 mm
0	110 [4 2	OSHA PEL 800 ppm	
9	110-54-3	Hexane ACGIH TLV 50 ppm	127 mm
		ACGIH TLV 50 ppm OSHA PEL 50 ppm	127 !!!!!!
4	107-83-5	Isohexane Isomers	
-	10, 00 0	ACGIH TLV Not Available	211 mm
		OSHA PEL Not Available	
1	96-14-0	3-Methylpentane	
		ACGIH TLV 500 ppm	211 mm
		OSHA PEL Not Available	
1	79-29-8	2,3-Dimethylbutane	
		ACGIH TLV Not Available	230 mm
7	C4740 00 0	OSHA PEL Not Available	
/	64742-89-8	V. M. & P. Naphtha	1.2 mm
		ACGIH TLV 300 ppm OSHA PEL 300 ppm	12 mm
		OSHA PEL 300 ppm OSHA PEL 400 ppm STEL	
0.3	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	
0.5	100 11 1	ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	7.1 mm
		ACGIH TLV 125 ppm STEL	
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
		OSHA PEL 125 ppm STEL	

Continued on page 2

2	1330-20-7	Xylene		
		ACGIH TLV	100	ppm 5.9 mm
		ACGIH TLV	150	ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL	100	ppm
		OSHA PEL	150	ppm STEL
9 67-64-1		Acetone		
		ACGIH TLV	500	ppm 180 mm
		ACGIH TLV	750	ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL	1000	ppm
21	14808-60-7	Quartz		
		ACGIH TLV	0.025	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
		OSHA PEL	0.1	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
8	7727-43-7	Barium Sulfate		
		ACGIH TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust
		OSHA PEL	10	mg/m3 Total Dust
		OSHA PEL	5	mg/m3 Respirable Fraction

Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary and reproductive systems.
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT LEL UEL Propellant < 0 F 0.9 12.8

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION
Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.54 lb/gal 903 g/l 0.91 SPECIFIC GRAVITY BOILING POINT <0 - 325 F <-18 - 162 C Not Available MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 79 EVAPORATION RATE Faster than ether VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A. 7.0 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged) Volatile Weight 47.18% Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Prolonged and repeated exposure to Hexane may cause damage to nerve tissue of the arms and legs (peripheral neuropathy), resulting in muscular weakness and loss of sensation. This effect may be increased by the presence of Methyl Ethyl Ketone.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Crystalline Silica (Quartz, Cristobalite) is listed by IARC and NTP. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient	Name			
74-98-6	Propane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
106-97-8	Butane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
110-54-3	Hexane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	_	LD50	RAT		28700 mg/kg
107-83-5	Isohexane I				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
06.14.0	0 1 - 7	LD50	RAT		Not Available
96-14-0	3-Methylpe			4	27 1 2 1 2
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
70 00 0	0 2 5	LD50	RAT		Not Available
79-29-8	2,3-Dimethy		D 7 III	4110	NT - 4
		LC50 LD50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
64742-89-8	77 M C D		RAT		Not Available
04/42-09-0	V. M. & P.	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT	4111	Not Available Not Available
100-41-4	Ethylbenzer		KAI		NOC AVAILABLE
100-41-4	E CITY I DETIZET	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT	TIIIC	3500 mg/kg
1330-20-7	Xylene	прэо	ICAI		5500 llig/ kg
1330 20 7	мутспс	LC50	RAT	4HR	5000 ppm
		LD50	RAT	11110	4300 mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetone	шБ30	10111		1300 1119/1129
07 01 1	110000110	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT	1111	5800 mg/kg
14808-60-7	Quartz				
	£	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
7727-43-7	Barium Suli				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Ground (DOT)

May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

Canada (TDG)

May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

IMO

May be shipped as Limited Quantity UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, EmS F-D, S-U

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by 1	WT % Element
110-54-3	Hexane	9	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.3	
1330-20-7	Xylene	2	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.